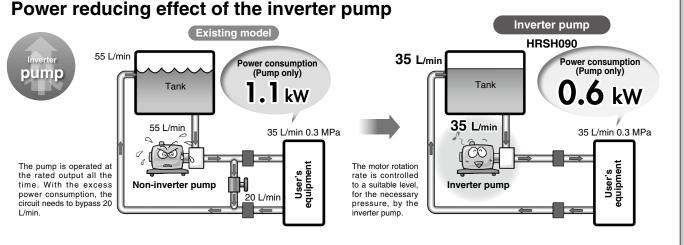
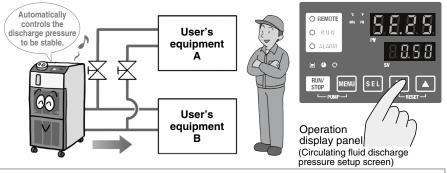


# Inverter pump



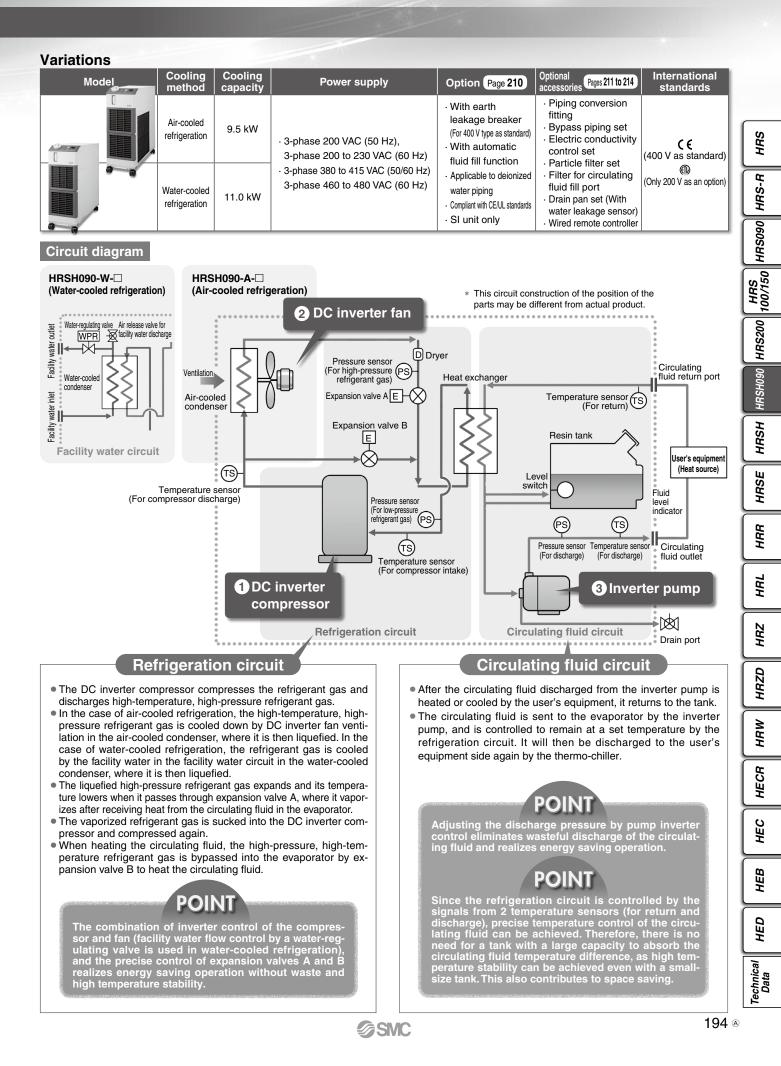
### Circulating fluid pressure adjustable

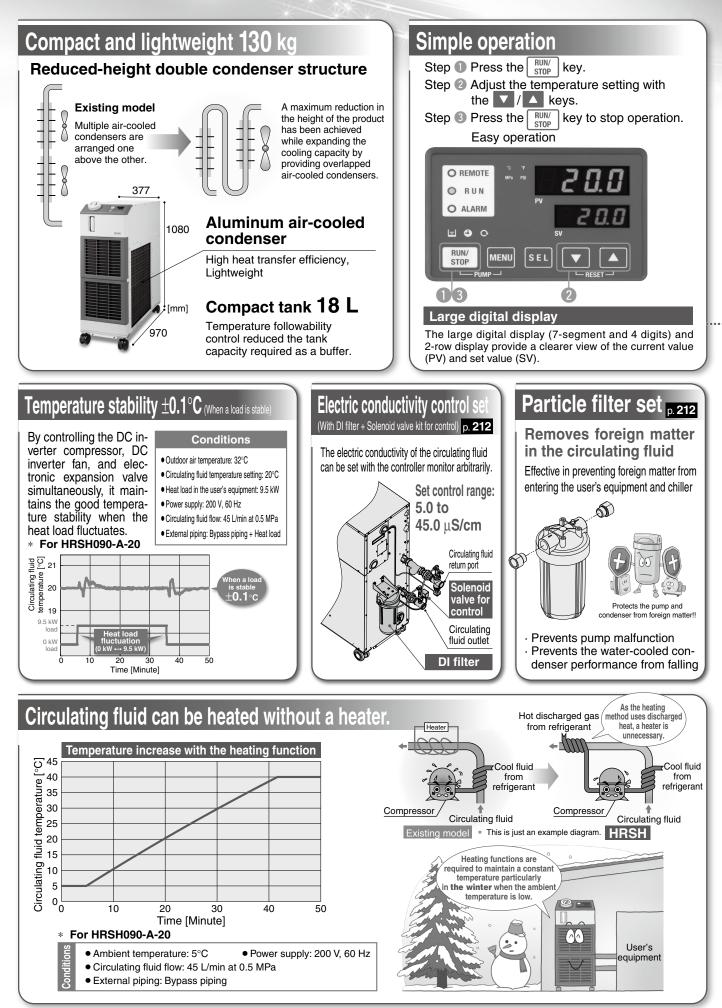
Discharge pressure of the circulating fluid can be set with the operation panel. The inverter pump automatically controls the discharge pressure to the set pressure without adjusting the bypass piping under various piping conditions. Power consumption can be reduced by this control. (Operation to the set pump operating frequency is also possible.)



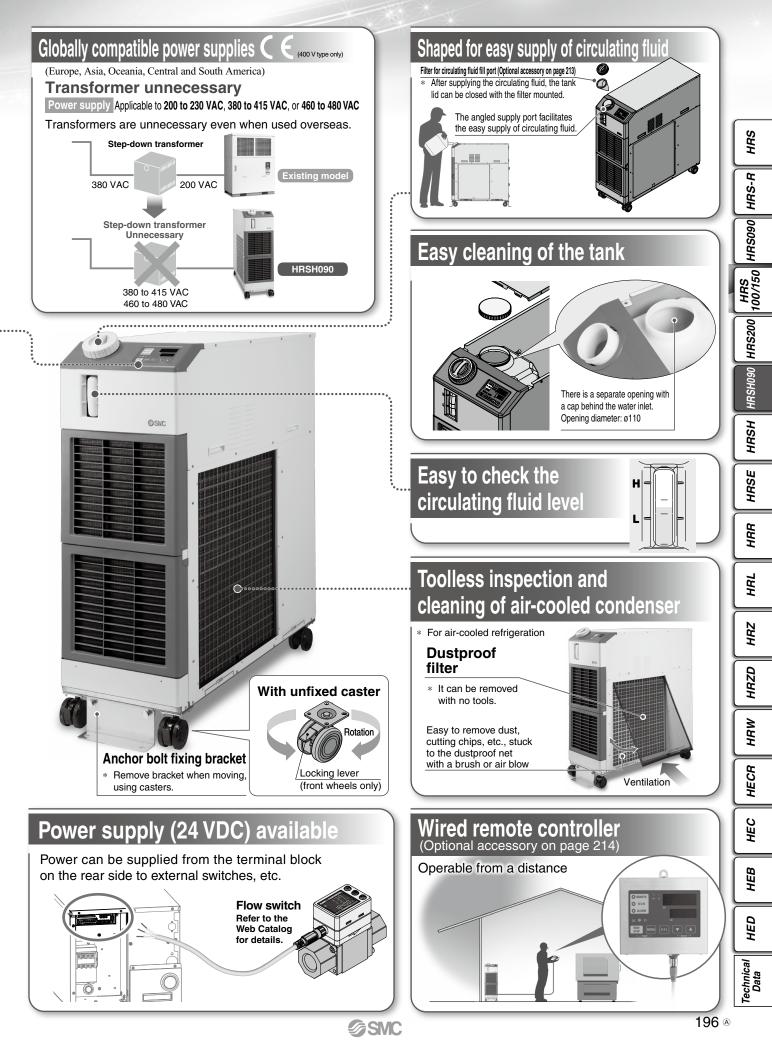
When the product is used with the flow path switched for maintenance, the pressure adjusting function controls the discharge pressure to be stable. (Secure the specified minimum flow for each branch circuit.)







Circulating Fluid Temperature Controller
Thermo-chiller Inverter Type HRSH090 Series



# Circulating Fluid Temperature Controller Thermo-chiller Inverter Type HRSH090 Series

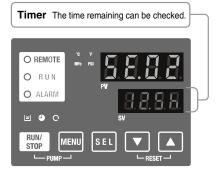
### Convenient functions (Refer to the Operation Manual for details.)

#### Timer operation function

Timer for ON and OFF can be set in units of 0.5 h up to 99.5 h.

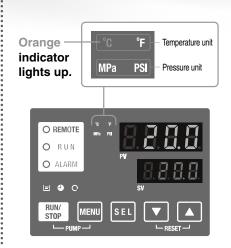
Ex.) Can be set to stop on Saturday and Sunday and restart on Monday morning

#### Ex. SE.02 "ON timer"



Unit conversion function

Temperature and pressure units can be changed.



#### ■ Power failure auto-restart function Automatic restart after stoppage due to power failure, etc., is possible without pressing the were also possible.

#### Anti-freezing operation function If the circulating fluid approaches its freezing point, for example, on a cold winter night, the pump operates automatically, and the heat generated by the pump warms the circulating fluid, preventing freezing.

#### Key-lock function

Can be set in advance to protect the set values from being changed by pressing keys by mistake.

- Function to output a signal for completion of preparation Notifies by communication when the temperature reaches the pre-set temperature range
- Independent operation of the pump The pump can be operated independently while the chiller is powered off. This allows you to check for leakages in piping and to remove the air.

### Self-diagnosis function and check display

Display of individual alarm codes For details, refer to page 208.

Operation is monitored at all times by the integrated sensor.

Should any error occur, the self-diagnosis result is displayed by the applicable alarm code.

This makes it easier to identify the cause of the alarm. Can be used before requesting service

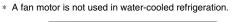
#### Changeable alarm set values

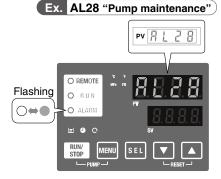
Setting item	Set value
Circulating fluid discharge temperature rise	5 to 55°C
Circulating fluid discharge temperature drop	1 to 39°C
Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise	0.05 to 0.6 MPa
Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop	0.05 to 0.6 MPa

#### Ex. AL01 "Low level in tank" Flashing R UN Alarm Lights up E RUN STOP MENU SEL T Alarm code

# Alarm codes can be used for the notification of upcoming recommended maintenance.

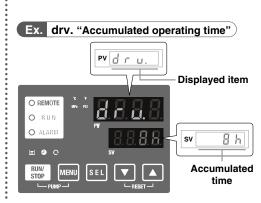
The codes notify you when it's time to check the pump and fan motor. Helpful for facility maintenance





#### Check display

The internal temperature, pressure, and operating time of the product are displayed.



#### Displayed item Circulating fluid outlet temperature Circulating fluid return temperature Circulating fluid flow rate\*1 Compressor gas temperature Circulating fluid outlet pressure Compressor gas discharge pressure Compressor gas return pressure Accumulated operating time Accumulated operating time of pump Accumulated operating time of fan\*2 Accumulated operating time of compressor Accumulated operation time of dustproof filter\*2 ×1 This is not measurement value. Use it for reference.

\*2 These are displayed only for air-cooled refrigeration.

### **Communication function**

Serial communication (RS232C/RS485) and contact I/Os (2 inputs and 3 outputs) are equipped as standard. This allows for communication with the user's equipment and system construction, depending on the application. A 24 VDC output can be also provided and is available for use with flow switches (SMC's PF2W, etc.).

#### Ex. 1 Remote signal I/O through serial communication

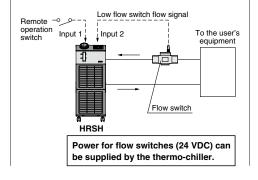
Remote operation is enabled (to start and stop operation) through serial communication.

#### HRSH Circulating fluid PC temperature setting Start and stop Circulating fluid discharge temperature • Circulating fluid discharge pressure

- Run and stop status
- Alarm information
- Various setting information
- Preparation completion status

### Ex. 2 Remote operation signal input

One of the contact inputs is used for remote operation and the other is used to monitor the flow of a flow switch. This is where their alarm outputs are taken in.



#### Ex. 3 Alarm and operation status (start, stop, etc.) signal output

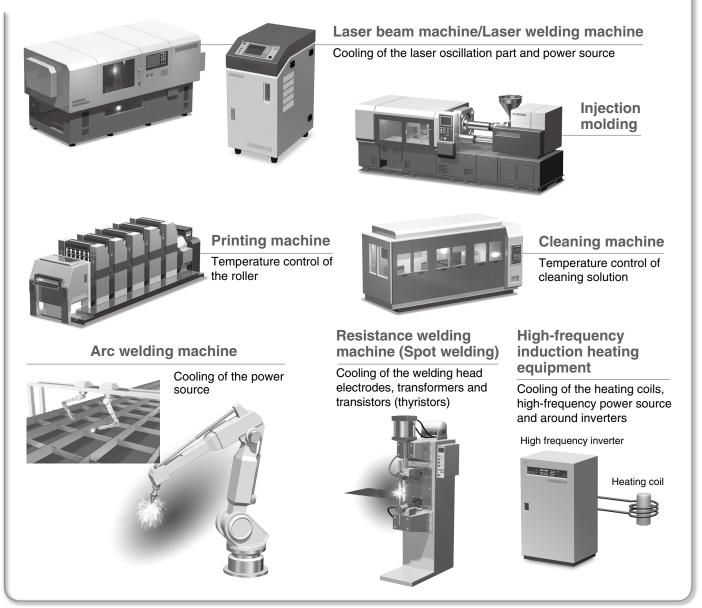
The alarm and status generated in the product are assigned to 3 output signals based on their contents, which can then be output.





· Output setting example Output 1: Temperature rise Output 2: Pressure rise Output 3: Operation status (start, stop, etc.)

# **Applications**



# **Global Supply Network**-

### SMC has a comprehensive network in the global market.

We now have a presence of more than 560 branch offices and distributors in 83 countries and regions worldwide, such as Asia, Oceania, North/ Central/South America, and Europe. With this global network, we are able to provide a global supply of our substantial range of products and highquality customer service. We also provide full support to local factories, foreign manufacturing companies, and Japanese companies in each country.

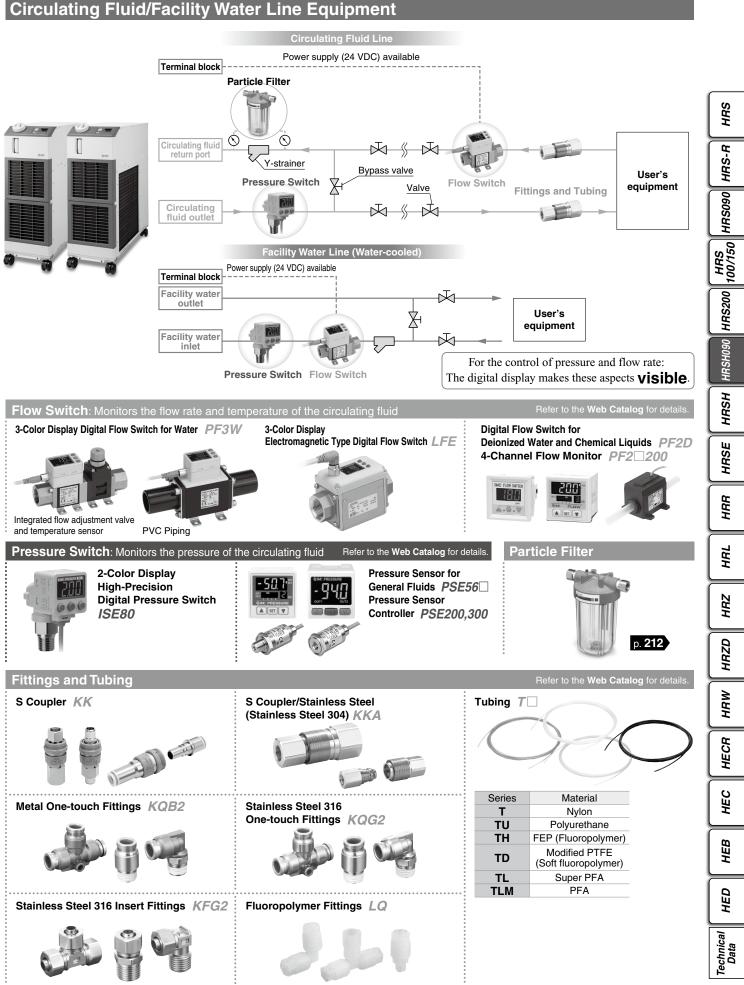


# **SMC Thermo-chiller Variations**

Lots of variations are available according to the users' requirements.



		Temperature	Set temperature				С	oolin	g ca	pacit	y [kV	V]					International
Series		stability [°C]	range [°C]	1.2	1.8	2.4	3	5	6	9	10	15	20	25	28	Environment	standards
	HRSE Basic type	±2.0	10 to 30	•	۲	•										Indoor use	<b>Ç €</b> (Only 230 VAC type)
	HRS Standard type	±0.1	5 to 40	•	•	•	•	•	•							Indoor use	<b>Ç €</b> . (Only 60 Hz)
	HRS090 Standard type	±0.5	5 to 35							•						Indoor use	<b>C €</b> (400 V as standard)
	HRS100/150 Standard type	±1.0	5 to 35								•	•				Outdoor installation IPX4	<b>C €</b> (400 V as standard)
	HRSH090 Inverter type	±0.1	5 to 40							•						Indoor use	(400 V as standard, 200 V as an option) (D) (Only 200 V as an option)
	HRSH Inverter type	±0.1	5 to 35								•	•	•	•	•	Outdoor installation IPX4	<b>(</b> 400 V as standard, 200 V as an option) سے (Only 200 V as an option)



# CONTENTS HRSH090 Series Inverter Type



### Thermo-chiller HRSH090 Series

#### How to Order/Specifications

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Pump Capacity	Page 205
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Operation Display Panel	Page 208
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#### Options

With Earth Leakage Breaker	Page 210
With Automatic Fluid Fill Function	Page 210
Applicable to Deionized Water Piping	·· Page 210
Compliant with CE/UL Standards	·· Page 210
SI Unit Only	·· Page 210

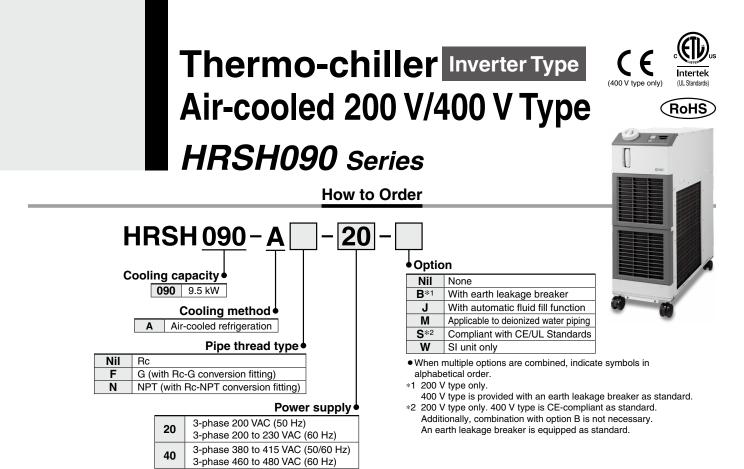
### Optional Accessories

① Piping Conversion Fitting Page 211
② Bypass Piping Set Page 211
③ Electric Conductivity Control Set Page 212
④ Particle Filter Set
5 Filter for Circulating Fluid Fill Port Page 213
6 Drain Pan Set (With Water Leakage Sensor) Page 213
⑦Wired Remote Controller Page 214

### Cooling Capacity Calculation

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation Page 215
Precautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation Page 216
Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values ··· Page 216

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Specific	Product Precautions	Page 217



### Specifications

Cooling method		HRSH090-A□-20-□	HRSH090-A□-40-□				
Cooling method Air-cooled refrigeration							
Refrigerant		R410A (HFC) (GWP1975)					
Refrigerant charge							
Control method		PID c	ontrol				
Ambient temperature/Humidity/Altitude*1,9	°C/%	Temperature: 5 to 45°C, Humidity: 30 to 70%, Altitude: less than 3000 m					
Circulating fluid*2		Tap water, 15% Ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionized water					
Set temperature range*1	°C	5 to	40				
Cooling capacity <sup>*3, 9</sup>	kW	9.	5				
Heating capacity <sup>*4</sup> Temperature stability <sup>*5</sup>	kW	2.	5				
Temperature stability*5	°C	±0	0.1				
ດີ Rated flow (Outlet)	L/min	45 (0.5	5 MPa)				
9 Maximum flow rate	L/min	6	0				
Capacity Maximum nump head	m	5	0				
Settable pressure range <sup>*6</sup> Minimum operating flow rate <sup>*7</sup> Tank capacity Circulating fluid outlet, circulating fluid	MPa	0.1 to	o 0.5				
Minimum operating flow rate*7	L/min	2	0				
Tank capacity	L	18					
Circulating fluid outlet, circulating fluid	return port	Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)					
Tank drain port		Rc1/4 (Symbol F: G1/4, Symbol N: NPT1/4)					
Fluid contact material		Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze, Carbon, Ceramic, PE, PVC, POM, PTFE, NBR, EPDM, FKM, PP					
E Power supply		3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation)	3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation) 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz) Allowable voltage range +4%, -10% (Max. voltage less than 500 V and no continuous voltage fluctuation)				
Applicable earth*8 Rated current	Α	30	20				
Big         Rated current           Bakage breaker         Sensitivity of leak current           Bakage breaker         Sensitivity of leak current	rent mA	3	0				
Rated operating current*5	Α	15	8				
Rated power consumption <sup>*5</sup> kW (kVA)		4.6 (5.2)	5.0 (5.6)				
Noise level (Front 1 m/Height 1 m)*5	dB (A)	66					
Accessories Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Y-strainer (40 meshes) 25A, Barrel nipple 25A, Anchor bolt fixing brackets 2 pcs. (including 4 M10 bolts)*10							
Weight (dry state) kg Approx. 130							

\*2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid.

Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994) 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics. Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1  $\mu$ S/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 M $\Omega$ ·cm or lower)

\*3 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 200/400 VAC
 \*4 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 200/400 VAC
 \*5 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity,

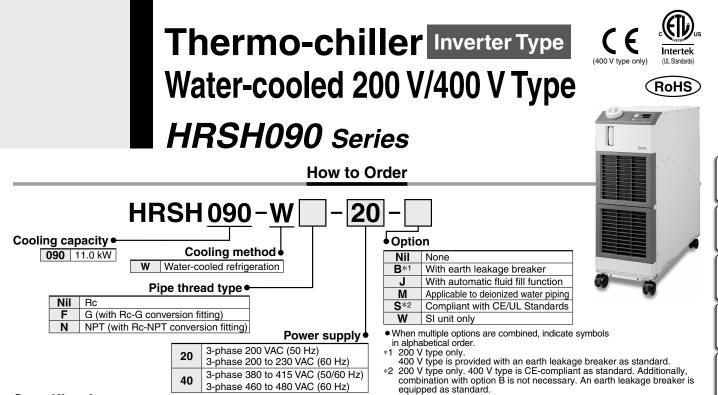
© Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, © Power supply: 200/400 VAC, © Piping length: Shortest
 \*6 With the pressure control mode by inverter. When the pressure control mode is not used, the pump power frequency set mode can be used.

Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.

\*8 To be prepared by the user. A specified earth leakage breaker is installed for option B [With earth leakage breaker], option S [Compliant with CE/UL Standards] and 400 V type.
\*9 If the product is used at an altitude of 1000 m or higher, refer to "Operating Environment/Storage Environment" (page 217) Item 14 "For altitudes of 1000 m or higher."
\*10 The anchor bolt fixing brackets (including 4 M10 bolts) are used for fixing to wooden skids when packaging the thermo-chiller. No anchor bolt is included.







### Specifications

		Ν	lodel		HRSH090-W□-20-□	HRSH090-W□-40-□				
Cooling method					Water-cooled refrigeration					
Re	frigerant				R410A (HFC) (GWP1975)					
Re	frigerant ch	arge		kg	1.	4				
Co	ntrol metho	d			PID control					
Am			nidity/Altitude*1	°C/%	Temperature: 5 to 45°C, Humidity: 3					
	Circulatin				Tap water, 15% Ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionized water					
	Set tempe			°C	5 to	9 40				
~	Cooling c			kW	11					
system	Heating ca			kW	2.					
y st	Temperate			°C	±0					
	Pump		low (Outlet)	L/min	45 (0.5					
ĕ	capacity		um flow rate	L/min	6					
j1			um pump head		5					
Circulating fluid	Settable p			MPa	0.1 to					
llat			g flow rate*7	L/min	2					
2	Tank capa			<u> </u>	1	*				
ö			et, circulating flui	d return port	Rc1 (Symbol F: G1					
	Tank drair	port			Rc1/4 (Symbol F: G1/4, Symbol N: NPT1/4)					
	Fluid cont	act mate	erial		Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze, Carbon, Ceramic, PE, PVC, POM, PTFE, NBR, EPDM, FKM, PP					
system	Temperate	ire rang	e	°C	5 to 40					
yst	Pressure	range		MPa	0.3 to 0.5					
ers	Required			L/min	25					
vat			sure differentia	I MPa	0.3 or more					
ž	Facility wa	ater inle	t/outlet		Rc1/2					
Facility water	Fluid cont	act mate	erial		Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exe PTFE, NB	Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Brass, PTFE, NBR, EPDM				
Electrical system	Power supply			3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation)	3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation) 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz) Allowable voltage range +4%, -10% (Max. voltage less than 500 V and no continuous voltage fluctuation)					
ž	Applicable e	arth*8	Rated current	: A	30	20				
ĕ	leakage breaker Sensitivity of leak current mA		urrent mA	3						
ш	- Rated operating current** A			12	6.8					
				kW (kVA)	3.8 (4.0) 4.0 (4.7)					
No	ise level (Fr	ont 1 m/ł	Height 1 m)*5	dB (A)	65					
Ac	cessories				Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Y-strainer (40 meshes) 25A, Barrel nipple 25A, Anchor bolt fixing brackets 2 pcs. (including 4 M10 bolts)* <sup>9</sup>					
Weight (dry state) kg				kg	Approx. 121					
					ing in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulatir					

\*2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid. Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994)

 Tab water: Standard of the sapar hemgeration and an conditionation above without any additives such as antiseptics.
 Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 μS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MΩ·cm or lower)
 Facility water temperature: 32°C, @ Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 200/400 VAC
 Facility water temperature: 32°C, @ Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid (Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid (Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 200/400 VAC
 Facility water temperature: 32°C, @ Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑥ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 200/400 VAC
 Facility mater temperature: 32°C, @ Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑧ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 200/400 VAC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest \*3

\*5

Circulating fuld flow rate: Rated flow, @ Power supply: 200/400 VAC, @ Piping tength: Shortest
With the pressure control mode by inverter. When the pressure control mode is not used, the pump power frequency set mode can be used.
Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.
To be prepared by the user. A specified earth leakage breaker is installed for option B [With earth leakage breaker], option S [Compliant with CE/UL Standards] and 400 V type.
The anchor bolt fixing brackets (including 4 M10 bolts) are used for fixing to wooden skids when packaging the thermo-chiller. No anchor bolt is included.



HRS

Ę HRS-I

HRS090

HRS 100/150

HRS200

HRSH090

HRSH

HRSE

HRR

HRL

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HECR

HEC

HEB

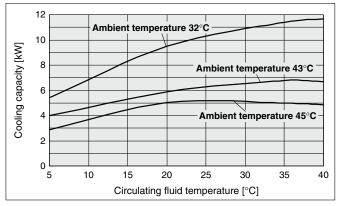
HED

Technical Data

# HRSH090 Series Inverter Type

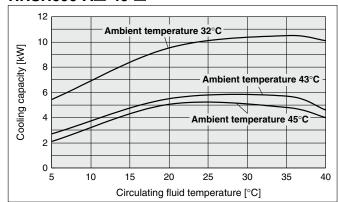
### **Cooling Capacity**

### HRSH090-A -20-

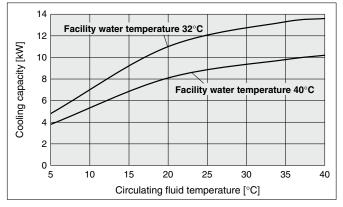


\* If the product is used at an altitude of 1000 m or higher, refer to "Operating Environment/ Storage Environment" (page 217) Item 14 "For altitudes of 1000 m or higher."

### HRSH090-A -40-

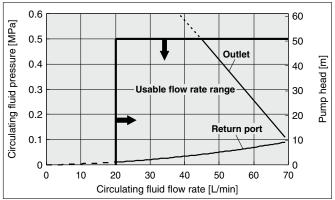


#### HRSH090-W -20/40-



### Pump Capacity

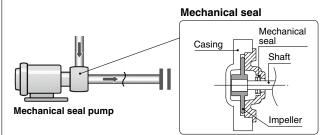
#### HRSH090-0-20/40-0



# **A**Caution

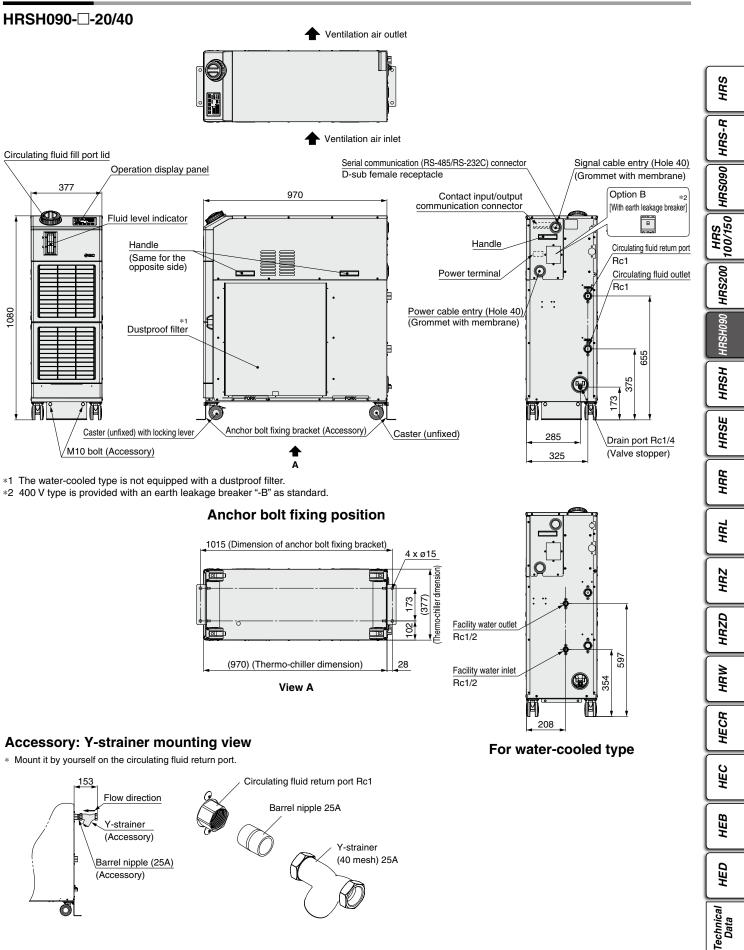
#### Mechanical Seal Pump

The pump used for the thermo-chiller HRSH090 series uses a mechanical seal with the fixed ring and rotary ring used for the shaft seal part. If foreign matter enter the gap between the seals, this may cause a trouble such as leakage from the seal part or pump lock. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to install the particle filter in the return piping of the chiller.



# Thermo-chiller Inverter Type HRSH090 Series

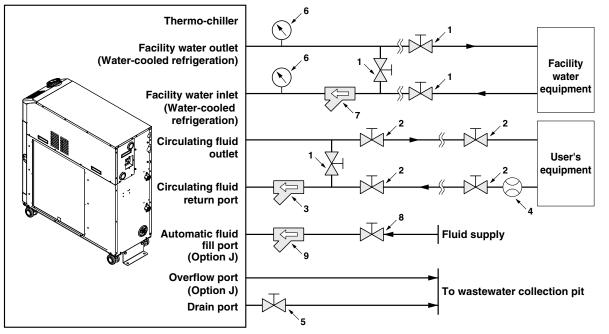
### Dimensions



# HRSH090 Series Inverter Type

### **Recommended External Piping Flow**

External piping circuit is recommended as shown below.



No.	Description	Size	Recommended part no.	Note
1	Valve	Rc1/2	—	—
2	Valve	Rc1	—	—
3	Y-strainer	Rc1 #40	Accessory	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 $\mu$ m or more are likely to enter, install the particle filter. For the recom-
3	Filter	Rc1 20 μm	HRS-PF005*1	mended filter, refer to the optional accessory HRS-PF005 (page 212).
4	Flow meter	—	—	Prepare a flow meter with an appropriate flow range.
5	Valve (Part of thermo-chiller)	Rc1/4	—	—
6	Pressure gauge	0 to 1.0 MPa	—	—
7	Y-strainer	Rc1/2 #40	—	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 $\mu$ m or more are likely to enter, select and pre-
	Filter	Rc1/2 20 μm	—	pare a particle filter.
8	Valve	Rc3/8	_	—
9	Y-strainer	Rc3/8 #40	_	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 µm or more are likely to enter, install the parti-
9	Filter	Rc3/8 20 μm	FQ1011N-10-T020-B-X61*1	cle filter.

\*1 The filter shown above cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the user's piping system.

### **Cable Specifications**

Power supply and signal cable should be prepared by user.

#### **Power Cable Specifications**

	Rated value for t	hermo-chiller	Power cable examples			
Applicable model	Power supply	Applicable breaker rated current	Terminal block screw diameter		Crimped terminal on the thermo- chiller side	
HRSH090-□□-20	3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz) 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)	30 A		4 cores x 5.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (4 cores x AWG10) (Including grounding cable)	R5.5-5	
HRSH090-□□-40	3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz)	20 A	M5	3 x 5.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (3 x AWG10) (Power supply) 1 x 14 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x AWG6) (Grounding cable)	R5.5-5 (Power supply) R14-5 (Grounding cable)	

\* An example of the cable specifications is when two kinds of vinyl insulated wires with a continuous allowable operating temperature of 70°C at 600 V, are used at an ambient temperature of 30°C. Select the proper size of cable according to an actual condition.

#### **Signal Cable Specifications**

Terminal s	Cable specifications	
Terminal block screw diameter	Recommended crimped terminal	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG18)
M3	Y-shape crimped terminal 1.25Y-3	Shielded cable

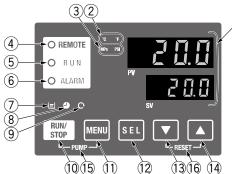
Signal cable

Power cable

### **Operation Display Panel**

The basic operation of this unit is controlled through the operation display panel on the front of the product.

(1)



No.	Description	Function			
	Digital display	ΡV	Displays the circulating fluid current discharge temperature and pressure and alarm codes and other menu items (codes).		
(1)	(7-segment, 4 digits)	sv	Displays the circulating fluid discharge temperature and the set values of other menus.		
2	[°C] [°F] lamp	Equipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the unit of displayed temperature (default setting: °C).			
3	[MPa] [PSI] lamp	Equipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the unit of displayed pressure (default setting: MPa).			
4	[REMOTE] lamp	Enables remote operation (start and stop) by communication. Lights up during remote operation.			
5	[RUN] lamp	Lights up when the product is started, and goes off when it is stopped. Flashes during stand-by for stop or anti- freezing function, or independent operation of the pump.			
6	[ALARM] lamp	Flashes with buzzer when alarm occurs.			
$\overline{\mathcal{O}}$	[ 🖃 ] lamp	Lights up when the surface of the fluid level indicator falls below the L level.			
8	[ 🕘 ] lamp	Equipped with a timer for start and stop. Lights up when this function is operated.			
9	[ O ] lamp	Equipped with a power failure auto-restart function, which restarts the product automatically after stopped due to a power failure. Lights up when this function is operated.			
10	[RUN/STOP] key	Makes the product start or stop.			
1	[MENU] key	Shifts the main menu (display screen of circulating fluid discharge temperature and pressure) and other menus (for monitoring and entry of set values).			
12	[SEL] key	Cha	anges the item in menu and enters the set value.		
(13)	[▼] key	Decreases the set value.			
14)	[ <b>▲</b> ] key	Increases the set value.			
15	[PUMP] key	Press the [MENU] and [RUN/STOP] keys simultaneously. The pump starts running independently to make the product ready for start-up (release the air).			
16	[RESET] key	Press the $[\Psi]$ and $[\blacktriangle]$ keys simultaneously. The alarm buzzer is stopped and the [ALARM] lamp is reset.			

### **List of Function**

No.	Function	Outline	
1	Main display	Displays the current and set temperature of the circulating fluid, discharge pressure of the circulating fluid. Changes the circulating fluid set temperature.	
2	Alarm display menu	Indicates alarm number when an alarm occurs.	
3	Inspection monitor menu Product temperature, pressure and accumula operating time can be checked as daily inspecti Use these for daily inspection.		
4	Key-lock	Keys can be locked so that set values cannot be changed by operator error.	
5	Timer for operation start/stop	Timer is used to set the operation start/stop.	
6	Signal for the completion of preparation	A signal is output when the circulating fluid temperature reaches the set temperature, when using contact input/output and serial communication.	
7	Offset function	Use this function when there is a temperature offset between the discharge temperature of the thermo-chiller and user's equipment.	
8	Reset after power failure	Start operation automatically after the power supply is turned on.	
9	Key click sound setting	Operation panel key sound can be set on/off.	
10	Changing temp. unit	Temperature unit can be changed. Centigrade [°C] ⇔ Fahrenheit [°F]	
11	Changing pressure unit		
12	Data reset	Functions can be reset to the default settings (settings when shipped from the factory).	
13	Accumulation time reset	Reset function when the pump, the fan or the compressor is replaced. Reset the accumulated time here.	
14	Pump operation mode set	The fluid supply mode of the pump can be changed Pressure control mode $\Leftrightarrow$ Frequency set mode	
15	Anti-freezing function	Circulating fluid is protected from freezing during winter or at night. Set beforehand if there is a risk of freezing.	
16	Warming-up function	When circulating fluid temperature rising time at starting needs shortening during winter or at night, set beforehand.	
17	Alarm buzzer sound setting	Alarm sound can be set to on/off.	
18	Alarm customizing	Operation during alarm condition and threshold values can be changed depending on the alarm type.	
19	Communication	This function is used for contact input/output or serial communication.	

### Alarm

This unit has alarms as standard, and displays each of them by its alarm code on the PV screen with the [ALARM] lamp ([LOW LEVEL] lamp) lit up on the operation display panel. The alarm can be read out through communication.

Code	Alarm message
AL01	Low level in tank
AL02	High circulating fluid discharge temp.
AL03	Circulating fluid discharge temp. rise
AL04	Circulating fluid discharge temp. drop
AL05	High circulating fluid return temp. (60°C)
AL06	High circulating fluid discharge pressure
AL07	Abnormal pump operation
AL08	Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise
AL09	Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop
AL10	High compressor intake temp.
AL11	Low compressor intake temp.
AL12	Low super heat temp.
AL13	High compressor discharge pressure
AL15	Refrigeration circuit pressure (high pressure side) drop
AL16	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) rise
AL17	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) drop

Code	Alarm message
AL18	Compressor running failure
AL19	Communication error
AL20	Memory error
AL21	DC line fuse cut
AL22	Circulating fluid discharge temp. sensor failure
AL23	Circulating fluid return temp. sensor failure
AL24	Compressor intake temp. sensor failure
AL25	Circulating fluid discharge pressure sensor failure
AL26	Compressor discharge pressure sensor failure
AL27	Compressor intake pressure sensor failure
AL28	Pump maintenance
AL29	Fan maintenance*1
AL30	Compressor maintenance
AL31	Contact input 1 signal detection
AL32	Contact input 2 signal detection
AL37	Compressor discharge temp. sensor failure

Code	Alarm message
AL38	Compressor discharge temp. rise
AL39	Internal unit fan stoppage
AL40	Dustproof filter maintenance*1
AL41	Power stoppage
AL42	Compressor waiting
AL43	Fan breaker trip*1
AL44	Fan inverter error*1
AL45	Compressor breaker trip*2
AL46	Compressor inverter error
AL47	Pump breaker trip*2
AL48	Pump inverter error
AL49	Air exhaust fan stoppage*3

1 Does not occur on the product of water-cooled refrigeration type.
 2 Does not occur on the product of power supply specification '-20'.
 3 Does not occur on the product of air-cooled refrigeration type.
 \* For details, read the Operation Manual.

HED

Technical Data

# HRSH090 Series Inverter Type

### **Communication Functions**

#### Contact Input/Output

Item		Specifications					
Connector type		M3 terminal block					
	Insulation method	Photocoupler					
	Rated input voltage	24 VDC					
Input signal	Operating voltage range	21.6 to 26.4 VDC					
	Rated input current	5 mA TYP					
	Input impedance	4.7 kΩ					
Contact cutnut	Rated load voltage	48 VAC or less/30 VDC or less					
Contact output signal	Maximum load current	500 mA AC/DC (Resistance load)					
orginal	Minimum load current	5 VDC 10 mA					
Οι	utput voltage	24 VDC $\pm 10\%$ 500 mA MAX (Not usable for inductive load)					
Circuit diagram		24 VDC output (500 mA MAX)*2 24 VCOM vertex 24 VCOM vertex 24 VCOM vertex 24 VCOM vertex 24 VCOM output 24 VCOM output 24 VCOM output 24 VCOM output 3 24 VCOM output 24 VCOM output 3 Contact input signal 2 Contact input signal 1 Contact output signal 3 Contact output signal 2 Contact output signal 3 Contact output signal 2 Contact output signal 3 Contact output signal 2 Contact output signal 3 Contact output signal 1 Contact output signal 1 C					

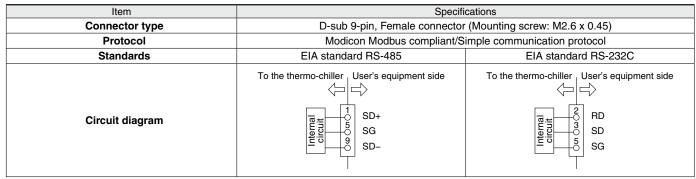
\*1 The pin numbers and output signals can be set by user. For details, refer to the Operation Manual, Communication function.

\*2 When using with optional accessories, depending on the accessory, the allowable current of 24 VDC devices will be reduced. Refer to the operation manual of the optional accessories for details.

#### **Serial Communication**

The serial communication (RS-485/RS-232C) enables the following items to be written and read out. For details, refer to the Operation Manual, Communication function.

Writing	F Readout
Run/Stop	Circulating fluid present temperature
Circulating fluid temperature	Circulating fluid discharge pressure
setting (SV)	Status information
	Alarm occurrence information
Li	ii



\* The terminal resistance of RS-485 (120 Ω) can be switched by the operation display panel. For details, refer to the Operation Manual, Communication function. Do not connect other than in the way shown above, as it can result in failure.

#### Please download the Operation Manual via our website, https://www.smcworld.com

# HRSH090 Series **Options**

\* Options have to be selected when ordering the thermo-chiller. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

#### Option symbol

With Earth Leakage Breaker

### HRSH090-0-20-B

#### With earth leakage breaker

A leakage breaker is built in to automatically stop the supply power when it has short-circuit, overcurrent or electrical leakage. (For models with power supply specification '-40', it is not necessary to select this option because an earth leakage breaker is equipped as standard.)

Applicable model	Rated current [A]	Sensitivity of leak current [mA]	Short circuit display method
HRSH090-□□-20-B	30	30	Mechanical button

#### \* 400 V type is equipped as standard.

(Refer to the specifications on pages 203, 204 and the dimensions on page 206 for details.)

#### Option symbol

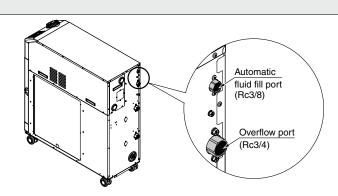
With Automatic Fluid Fill Function

### HRSH090-DD-J

#### With automatic fluid fill function

By installing this at the automatic fluid fill port, the circulating fluid can be automatically supplied to the product using a built-in solenoid valve for a water fill while the circulating fluid is decreasing.

Applicable model	HRSH090-□□-□-J
Fluid fill method	Built-in solenoid valve for automatic water fill
Fluid fill pressure [MPa]	0.2 to 0.5
Feed water temperature [°C]	5 to 40



HRSH090-DD--M

Earth leakage breaker

#### Option symbol

Applicable to Deionized Water Piping

### HRSH090-DD-M

Option symbol

Applicable model Stainless steel (including heat exchanger brazing), SiC, Contact material Applicable to deionized water piping Carbon, PP, PE, POM, FKM, NBR, EPDM, PVC, PTFE for circulating fluid Contact material of the circulating fluid circuit is made from non-copper materials.

- No change in external dimensions
- Compliant with CE/UL Standards HRSH090-0-20-S Compliant with CE/UL Standards Products compliant with CE/UL Standards The following standards are applicable. Applicable standard 2004/108/EC EMC directive CE marking 2006/42/EC Machinery directive UL standard 3054524 (UL61010-1) When selecting this option, · An earth leakage breaker with a breaker handle is equipped. Cannot be selected for 400 V type. (The breaker are the same as those for option B.) · A caution label is added. Cannot be selected together with option B. · The CE/UL certification mark is added. Option symbol SI Unit Only HRSH090-0-20-W

The circulating fluid temperature and pressure are displayed in SI units [MPa/°C] only.

If this option is not selected, a product with a unit selection function will be provided by default.

\* No change in external dimensions





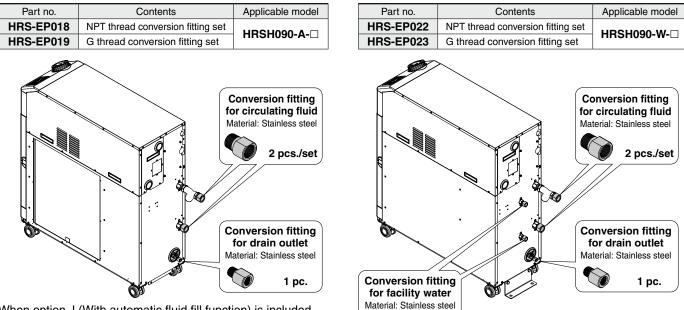
# HRSH090 Series **Optional Accessories**

### 1 Piping Conversion Fitting

This is a fitting to change the port from Rc to G or NPT.

- Circulating fluid outlet, Circulating fluid return port Rc1 → NPT1 or G1
- · Drain port Rc1/4  $\rightarrow$  NPT1/4 or G1/4

(It is not necessary to purchase this when pipe thread type F or N is selected in "How to Order" since it is included in the product.)



When option J (With automatic fluid fill function) is included, use the following part numbers.

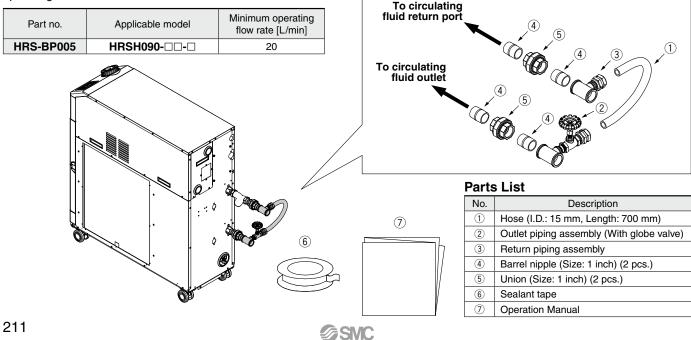
- · Automatic fluid fill port Rc3/8  $\rightarrow$  NPT3/8 or G3/8
- $\cdot$  Overflow port Rc3/4  $\rightarrow$  NPT3/4 or G3/4
- \* The conversion fittings for circulating fluid outlet/return port, drain port, facility water inlet/outlet (for water-cooled refrigeration) are also included.

2 pcs./set

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model	Part no.	Contents	Applicable model
HRS-EP020	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRSH090-A-J	HRS-EP024	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRSH090-W-J
HRS-EP021	G thread conversion fitting set	ппоп090-А-J	HRS-EP025	G thread conversion fitting set	UU2U0-M-1
<u>.</u>				•	

### ② Bypass Piping Set

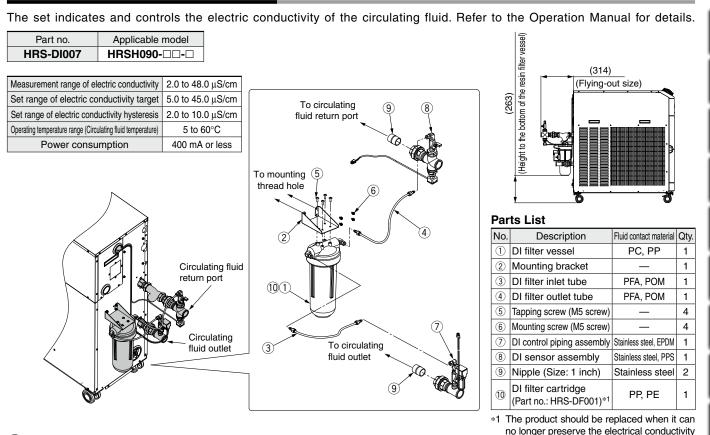
When the circulating fluid goes below the minimum operating flow rate (as shown below), cooling capacity will be reduced and the temperature stability will be badly affected. Use the bypass piping set to ensure a circulating fluid flow rate of the minimum operating flow rate or more.



Optional Accessories HRSH090 Series

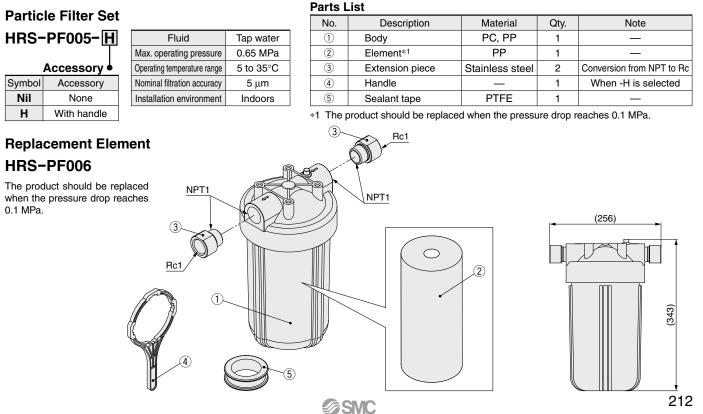
set value.

### ③ Electric Conductivity Control Set



### (4) Particle Filter Set

Removes foreign matter in the circulating fluid. If foreign matter such as scales in the piping enter the circulating fluid, this may cause the pump to malfunction. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to install the particle filter set. This set cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the user's piping system. For details, refer to the Operation Manual.



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HRS090

HRS 100/150

HRS200

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Technical Data

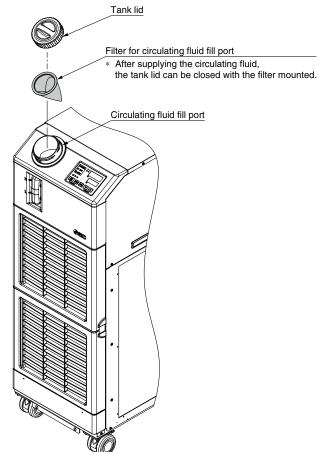
# HRSH090 Series

### **(5)** Filter for Circulating Fluid Fill Port

Prevents foreign matter from entering the tank when supplying the circulating fluid. Can be used just by fitting into the circulating fluid fill port.

# ■ Filter for circulating fluid fill port HRS-PF007

Material	Stainless steel 304, Stainless steel 316
Mesh size	200



### 6 Drain Pan Set (With Water Leakage Sensor)

Drain pan for the thermo-chiller. Liquid leakage from the thermo-chiller can be detected by mounting the attached water leakage sensor. Align the drain pan with the hole in the bottom of the thermo-chiller for installation.

<b>.</b>		
Part no.	Applicable model	
HRS-WL003	HRSH090-□□-20/40	
	1	
		543 2

Parts List				
No.	Description			
1	Drain pan			
2	Water leakage sensor			
3	Extension cable			
(4)	Binding band (4 pcs.)			
5	Cable fixture (4 pcs.)			



# Optional Accessories HRSH090 Series

### **Wired Remote Controller**

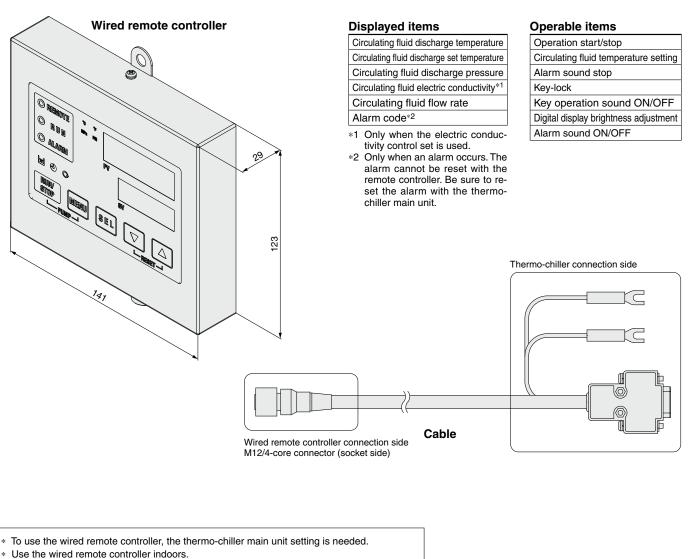
When the wired remote controller is connected to the thermo-chiller, the operation start/stop setting or the set temperature can be changed from a place apart from the thermo-chiller. For details, refer to the Operation Manual.

### Wired Remote Controller

### HRS-CV004-1

Acces	Accessories		
Symbol	Symbol Accessories		
Nil	None		
1	1 With cable (Approx. 20 m)		
2	With cable (Approx. 50 m)		
3	3 With cable (Approx. 100 m)		





**SMC** 

Pass the cable through the duct, etc. so that it is not exposed to rain water or direct sunlight.

HRS

HRS-R

HRS 100/150 HRS090

HRS200

HRSH090

HRSH

HRSE

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Technical Data

# HRSH090 Series Cooling Capacity Calculation

### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is known.

The heat generation amount can be determined based on the power consumption or output of the heat generating area — i.e. the area requiring cooling — within the user's equipment.\*1

#### $(\ensuremath{\underline{1}})$ Derive the heat generation amount from the power consumption.

Power consumption P: 7 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 7 [kW] x 1.2 = 8.4 [kW]

② Derive the heat generation amount from the power supply output.

Power supply output VI: 8.8 [kVA]

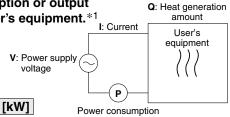
 $Q = P = V \times I \times Power factor$ 

In this example, using a power factor of 0.85:

= 8.8 [kVA] x 0.85 = 7.5 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

#### 7.5 [kW] x 1.2 = 9.0 [kW]



③ Derive the heat generation amount from the output.

Output (shaft power, etc.) W: 13 [kW]

$$Q = P = \frac{W}{Efficiency}$$

In this example, using an efficiency of 0.7:

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

7.3 [kW] x 1.2 = 8.8 [kW]

\*1 The examples above calculate the heat generation amount based on the power consumption. The actual heat generation amount may differ due to the structure of the user's equipment. Be sure to check it carefully.

#### Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is not known.

#### Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the user's equipment.

Heat generation amount by user's equipment Q	: Unknown [W] ([J/s])
Circulating fluid	: Tap water*1
Circulating fluid mass flow rate <b>qm</b>	: (= ρ x <b>qv</b> ÷ 60) [kg/s]
Circulating fluid density p	: 1 [kg/L]
Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate <b>qv</b>	: 35 [L/min]
Circulating fluid specific heat C	: 4.186 x 10 <sup>3</sup> [J/(kg·K)]
Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1	: 293 [K] (20 [°C])
Circulating fluid return temperature T2	: 296 [K] (23 [°C])
Circulating fluid temperature difference $\Delta T$	: 3 [K] (= T2 – T1)
Conversion factor: minutes to seconds (SI units)	: 60 [s/min]

\*1 Refer to page 216 for the typical physical property value of tap water or other circulating fluids.

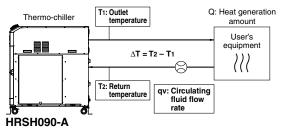
$$Q = qm x C x (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= \frac{\rho \times qv \times C \times \Delta T}{60} = \frac{1 \times 35 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 3.0}{60}$$

= 7325 [J/s] 
$$\approx$$
 7325 [W] = 7.3 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

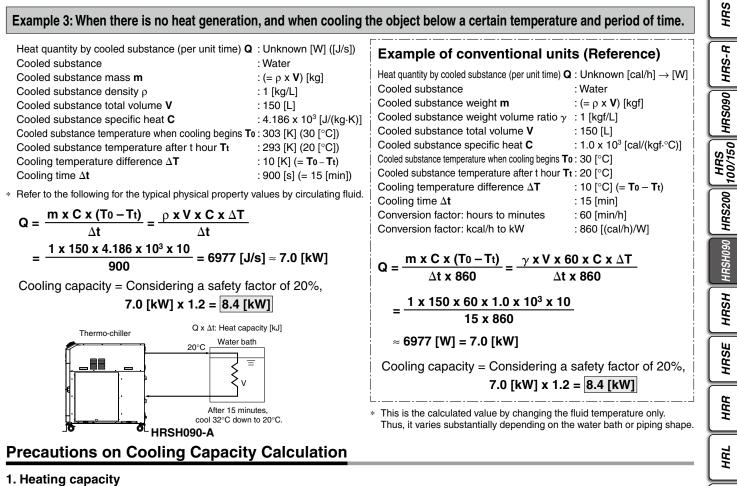




Example of conventional units (Reference) Heat generation amount by user's equipment  $\textbf{Q}: Unknown \; [cal/h] \rightarrow [W]$ Circulating fluid : Tap water\*1 Circulating fluid weight flow rate **qm** : (=  $\rho \times qv \times 60$ ) [kgf/h] Circulating fluid weight volume ratio  $\gamma$  : 1 [kgf/L] Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate **qv** : 35 [L/min] Circulating fluid specific heat C : 1.0 x 10<sup>3</sup> [cal/(kgf·°C)] Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1 : 20 [°C] Circulating fluid return temperature T2: 23 [°C] Circulating fluid temperature difference  $\Delta T$  : 3 [°C] (= T<sub>2</sub> - T<sub>1</sub>) Conversion factor: hours to minutes : 60 [min/h] Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW : 860 [(cal/h)/W]  $Q = \frac{qm \ x \ C \ x \ (T_2 - T_1)}{qm \ x \ C \ x \ (T_2 - T_1)}$ 860 <u>- γ x qv x 60 x</u> C x ΔT 860 1 x 35 x 60 x 1.0 x 10<sup>3</sup> x 3.0 860 ≈ 7325 [W] = 7.3 [kW] Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 7.3 [kW] x 1.2 = 8.8 [kW]

Cooling Capacity Calculation HRSH090 Series

### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**



When the circulating fluid temperature is set above room temperature, it needs to be heated by the thermo-chiller. The heating capacity depends on the circulating fluid temperature. Consider the radiation rate and heat capacity of the user's equipment and check beforehand if the required heating capacity is provided.

#### 2. Pump capacity

#### <Circulating fluid flow rate>

Circulating fluid flow rate varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between the thermo-chiller and the user's equipment, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the machine. Check beforehand if the required flow is achieved, using the pump capacity curves.

#### <Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the user's equipment are fully durable against this pressure.

### **Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values**

#### **1.** This catalog uses the following values for density and specific heat in calculating the required cooling capacity. Density $\rho$ : 1 [kg/L] (or, using conventional units, weight volume ratio $\gamma = 1$ [kgf/L] )

Specific heat C: 4.19 x 10<sup>3</sup> [J/(kg·K)] (or, using conventional units, 1 x 10<sup>3</sup> [cal/(kgf·°C)])

#### 2. Values for density and specific heat change slightly according to temperature shown below. Use this as a reference.

#### Water

water					
Physical property	Density p	Specific heat C	Conventio	onal units	
Temperature	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio $\gamma$ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf.°C)]	
5°C	1.00	4.2 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
10°C	1.00	4.19 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
15°C	1.00	4.19 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
20°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
25°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
30°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.00	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
35°C	0.99	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	0.99	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
40°C	0.99	4.18 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	0.99	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	

#### 15% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

Physical property	Density p	Specific heat C Conventional units		onal units
Temperature	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio $\gamma$ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf.°C)]
5°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.02	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
10°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.02	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
15°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.02	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
20°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
25°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.93 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
30°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.94 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
35°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.94 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
40°C	1.01	3.92 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.01	0.94 x 10 <sup>3</sup>

\* Shown above are reference values. Contact circulating fluid supplier for details.



HRZ

HRZD

HRW

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Technical Data



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

#### Design

## \land Warning

- 1. This catalog shows the specifications of a single unit.
  - 1. Check the specifications of the single unit (contents of this catalog) and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the user's system and this unit.
  - 2. Although a protection circuit as a single unit is installed, prepare a drain pan, water leakage sensor, discharge air facility, and emergency stop equipment, depending on the user's operating conditions. Also, the user is requested to carry out a safety design for the whole system.

# 2. When attempting to cool areas that are open to the atmosphere (tanks, pipes), plan your piping system accordingly.

When cooling open-air external tanks, arrange the piping so that there are coil pipes for cooling inside the tanks and to carry back the entire flow volume of circulating fluid that is released.

# 3. Use non-corrosive materials for circulating fluid contact parts.

The recommended circulating fluid is tap water or 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution. Using corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts such as piping may cause clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid circuit. Therefore, take sufficient care when selecting fluid contact part materials such as piping.

4. Design the piping so that no foreign matter enters the chiller.

If foreign matter, such as scales in the piping, enters the circulating fluid, this may cause the pump to malfunction. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to install the particle filter.

5. The facility water outlet temperature (water-cooled type) may increase up to around 60°C.

When selecting the facility water pipings, consider the suitability for temperature.

Selection

# \land Warning

#### Model selection

When selecting a thermo-chiller model, the amount of heat generation from the user's equipment must be known. Obtain this value, referring to "Cooling Capacity Calculation" on pages 215 and 216 before selecting a model.

Handling

# \land Warning

#### Thoroughly read the operation manual.

Read the operation manual completely before operation, and keep the manual where it can be referred to as necessary.

#### **Operating Environment/Storage Environment**

### A Warning

# 1. Do not use in the following environment as it will lead to a breakdown.

- 1. Outdoors
- 2. In locations where water, water vapor, salt water, and oil may splash on the product.
- 3. In locations where there are dust and particles.
- 4. In locations where corrosive gases, organic solvents, chemical fluids, or flammable gases are present. (This product is not explosion proof.)
- 5. In locations where the ambient temperature/humidity exceeds the limits as mentioned below or where condensation occurs. During transportation/storage: -15°C to 50°C, 15% to 85%

(But as long as water or circulating fluid are not left inside the pipings)

During operation: 5°C to 45°C, 30% to 70%

- (However, use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less.)
- 6. In locations where condensation may occur.
- 7. In locations which receive direct sunlight or radiated heat.
- 8. In locations where there is a heat source nearby and the ventilation is poor.
- 9. In locations where temperature substantially changes.
- In locations where strong magnetic noise occurs. (In locations where strong electric fields, strong magnetic fields and surge voltage occur.)
- 11. In locations where static electricity occurs, or conditions which make the product discharge static electricity.
- 12. In locations where high frequency occurs.
- 13. In locations where damage is likely to occur due to lightning.
- 14. In locations at an altitude of 3000 m or higher (Except
  - during storage and transportation)
    - For altitudes of 1000 m or higher Because of lower air density, the heat radiation efficiencies of the devices in the product will be lower in the location at an altitude of 1000 m or higher. Therefore, the maximum ambient temperature to use and the cooling capacity will lower according to the descriptions in the table below.

Select the thermo-chiller considering the descriptions.

- ① Upper limit of ambient temperature: Use the product in ambient temperature of the described value or lower at each altitude.
- ② Cooling capacity coefficient: The product's cooling capacity will lower to one that multiplied by the described value at each altitude.

Altitude [m]	① Upper limit of ambient temperature [°C]	(2) Cooling capacity coefficient
Less than 1000 m	45	1.00
Less than 1500 m	42	0.85
Less than 2000 m	38	0.80
Less than 2500 m	35	0.75
Less than 3000 m	32	0.70

- 15. In locations where strong impacts or vibrations occur.
- In locations where a massive force strong enough to deform the product is applied or a weight from a heavy object is applied.
- 17. In locations where there is not sufficient space for maintenance.
- 18. Bevelled place
- 19. Insects or plants may enter the unit.
- 2. The product is not designed for clean room usage. It generates particles internally.



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

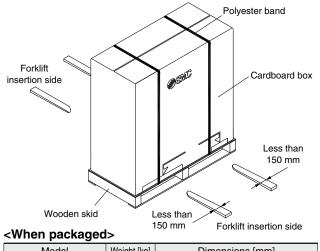
# \land Warning

- 1. This product is heavy. Pay attention to safety and the position of the product when it is transported, carried, and moved.
- 2. Read the operation manual carefully before moving the product after unpacking.

## ▲ Caution

1. Never put the product down on its side as this may cause a failure.

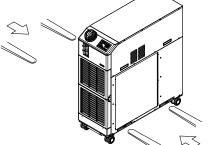
The product will be delivered in the packaging shown below.



Model	Weight [kg]	Dimensions [mm]	
HRSH090-A-20/40	165	Height 1320 x Width 580 x Depth 124	
HRSH090-W-20/40	156		

#### 2. Transporting with forklift

- 1. A licensed driver should drive the forklift.
- 2. Insert the fork to the place specified on the label. The fork should reach through to the other side of the product.
- 3. Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.



#### 3. Transporting with casters

- 1. This product is heavy and should be moved by at least two people to avoid falling.
- 2. Do not grip the piping port on the back side or the handles of the panel.
- 3. Do not pass over bumps, etc. with the casters.

# ▲ Caution

If this product is to be transported after delivery, please use the original packaging the product was delivered in. If other packaging is to be used, carefully package the product so as to prevent the product from incurring any damage during transport.

#### Installation

## \land Warning

- 1. Do not use the product outdoors.
- 2. Do not place heavy objects on top of this product, or step on it.

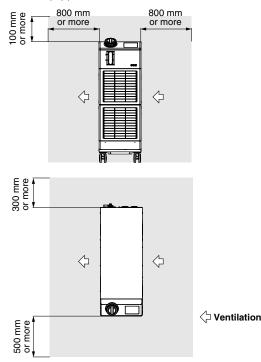
The external panel can be deformed and danger can result.

# ▲ Caution

- 1. Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
- 2. Refer to the operation manual for this product, and secure an installation space that is necessary for the maintenance and ventilation.

#### <Air-cooled refrigeration>

- 1. The air-cooled type product exhausts heat using the fan that is mounted to the product. If the product is operated with insufficient ventilation, ambient temperature may exceed 45°C, and this will affect the performance and life of the product. To prevent this ensure that suitable ventilation is available (see below).
- 2. For installation indoors, ventilation ports and a ventilation fan should be equipped as needed.



3. If it is impossible to exhaust heat from the installation area indoors, or when the installation area is conditioned, provide a duct for heat exhaustion to the air outlet port of this product for ventilation. Do not mount the inlet of the duct (flange) directly to the air vent of the product, and keep a space larger than the diameter of the duct. Additionally, consider the resistance of the duct when making the air vent port for the duct.

#### <Heat radiation amount/Required ventilation rate>

	Heat	Required ventilat	ion rate [m <sup>3</sup> /min]
Model	radiation amount	Differential temp. of 3°C between inside and outside	Differential temp. of 6°C between inside and outside
	[kW]	of installation area	of installation area
HRSH090-A-20/40	Approx. 18	305	155



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

#### Piping

# A Caution

- 1. Regarding the circulating fluid and facility water pipings, consider carefully the suitability for temperature, circulating fluid. If the operating performance is not sufficient, the pipings may burst during operation. Also, the use of corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts, such as piping, may not only lead to clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid and facility water circuits but also refrigerant leakage and other unexpected problems. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.
- **2. Select the piping port size which can exceed the rated flow.** For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.
- 3. When tightening at the drain port of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.
- 4. For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan and wastewater collection pit just in case the circulating fluid may leak.
- 5. This product series are constant-temperature fluid circulating machines with built-in tanks.

Do not install equipment on your system side such as pumps that forcibly return the circulating fluid to the unit. Also, if you attach an external tank that is open to the air, it may become impossible to circulate the circulating fluid. Proceed with caution.

#### **Circulating Fluid**

## ▲ Caution

- 1. Avoid oil or other foreign matter entering the circulating fluid.
- 2. When water is used as a circulating fluid, use tap water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards. Use tap water that conforms to the standards shown below (including water used for dilution of ethylene glycol aqueous solution).

# Tap Water (as a Circulating Fluid) Quality StandardsThe Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association

JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulation type - Make-up water"

	Item		Standard value	Influence	
	Item	Unit	Standard value	Corrosion	Scale generation
	pH (at 25°C)	—	6.0 to 8.0	0	0
	Electric conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100*1 to 300*1	0	0
item	Chloride ion (CI-)	[mg/L]	50 or less	0	
2	Sulfuric acid ion (SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2–</sup> )	[mg/L]	50 or less	0	
Standard	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
tar	Total hardness	[mg/L]	70 or less		0
0	Calcium hardness (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
	Ionic state silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/L]	30 or less		0
F	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	0
item	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	0	
Ge	Sulfide ion (S2 <sup>-</sup> )	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	0	
ren	Ammonium ion (NH <sub>4</sub> +)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	0	
Reference	Residual chlorine (CI)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
Ē	Free carbon (CO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	0	

\*1 In the case of [M $\Omega$ ·cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.

• O: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.

 Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.

- 3. Use an ethylene glycol aqueous solution that does not contain additives such as preservatives.
- 4. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution, maintain a maximum concentration of 15%. Overly high concentrations can cause a pump overload.

Low concentrations, however, can lead to freezing when circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or lower and cause the thermo-chiller to break down.

#### **Circulating Fluid**

### \land Caution

5. When deionized water is used, the electric conductivity should be 1  $\mu$ S/cm or higher (Electric resistivity: 1 M $\Omega$ ·cm or lower).

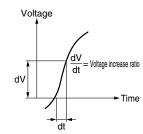
**Electrical Wiring** 

## \land Warning

Grounding should never be connected to a water line, gas line or lightning rod.

# ▲ Caution

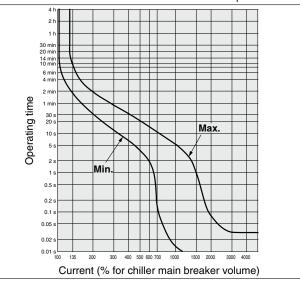
- 1. Power supply and communication cables should be prepared by user.
- Provide a stable power supply which is not affected by surge or distortion. If the voltage increase ratio (dV/dt) at the zero cross should exceed 40 V/200 μsec., it may result in malfunction.



#### <For option B [With earth leakage breaker]>

# 3. This product is installed with a breaker with the following operating characteristics.

For the user's equipment (inlet side), use a breaker whose operating time is equal to or longer than the breaker of this product. If a breaker with shorter operating time is connected, the user's equipment could be cut off due to the inrush current of the motor of this product.



#### **Facility Water Supply**

# \land Warning

SMC

### <Water-cooled refrigeration>

1. The water-cooled refrigeration type thermo-chiller radiates heat to the facility water. Prepare the facility water system that satisfies the heat radiation and the facility water specifications below.

#### Required facility water system <Heat radiation amount/Facility water specifications>

		•
Model	Heat radiation [kW]	Facility water specifications
HRSH090-W□-□	Approx. 20	Refer to "Facility water system" in the specifications on page 204.



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

#### **Facility Water Supply**

# \land Warning

2. When using tap water as facility water, use tap water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards. Use tap water that conforms to the standards shown below.

If the water quality standards are not met, clogging or leakage in the facility water piping, or other problems such as refrigerant leakage, etc., may result.

### Tap Water (as Facility Water) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system – Circulation type – Make-up water"

	ltem Un		Unit Standard value	Influence	
	item	Unit	Standard value	Corrosion	Scale generation
	pH (at 25°C)	—	6.5 to 8.2	0	0
E	Electric conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100*1 to 800*1	0	0
item	Chloride ion (CI-)	[mg/L]	200 or less	0	
	Sulfuric acid ion (SO42-)	[mg/L]	200 or less	0	
Standard	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	100 or less		0
star	Total hardness	[mg/L]	200 or less		0
0	Calcium hardness (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	[mg/L]	150 or less		0
	Ionic state silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
ε	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	1.0 or less	0	0
item	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
Ce	Sulfide ion (S2 <sup>-</sup> )	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	0	
Reference	Ammonium ion (NH <sub>4</sub> +)	[mg/L]	1.0 or less	0	
efe	Residual chlorine (CI)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
æ	Free carbon (CO <sub>2</sub> )	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	0	

\*1 In the case of [M $\Omega$ ·cm], it will be 0.001 to 0.01.

• O: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.

• Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.

# 3. Set the supply pressure between 0.3 to 0.5 MPa. Ensure a pressure difference at the facility water inlet/outlet of 0.3 MPa or more.

If the supply pressure is high, it will cause water leakage. If the supply pressure and pressure difference at the facility water inlet/outlet is low, it will cause an insufficient flow rate of the facility water, and poor temperature control.

#### Operation

# \land Warning

#### 1. Confirmation before operation

- The fluid level of a tank should be within the specified range of H (High) and L (Low). When exceeding the specified level, the circulating fluid will overflow.
- 2) Remove the air.

Conduct a trial operation, looking at the fluid level. Since the fluid level will go down when the air is removed from the user's piping system, supply water once again when the fluid level is reduced. When there is no reduction in the fluid level, the job of removing the air is completed. Pump can be operated independently.

#### 2. Confirmation during operation

• Check the circulating fluid temperature.

The operating temperature range of the circulating fluid is between 5 and  $40^{\circ}$ C.

When the amount of heat generated from the user's equipment is greater than the product's capability, the circulating fluid temperature may exceed this range. Use caution regarding this matter.

#### 3. Emergency stop method

• When an abnormality is confirmed, stop the machine immediately. After stopping operation, disconnect the power supply from the user's equipment. **Operation Restart Time/Operation and Suspension Frequency** 

## A Caution

- 1. Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly.
- 2. Operation and suspension frequency should not exceed 10 times per day. Frequently switching between operation and suspension may result in the malfunction of the refrigeration circuit.

#### **Protection Circuit**

### ▲ Caution

If operating in the below conditions, the protection circuit will activate and an operation may not be performed or will stop.

- $\bullet$  Power supply voltage is not within the rated voltage range of  $\pm 10\%.$
- In case the water level inside the tank is reduced abnormally.
- Circulating fluid temperature is too high.
- Compared to the cooling capacity, the heat generation amount of the user's equipment is too high.
- Ambient temperature is too high. (Check the ambient temperature in the specifications.)
- Ventilation hole is clogged with dust or dirt.

#### Maintenance

# ▲ Caution

#### <Periodical inspection every one month> Clean the ventilation hole.

If the dustproof filter of water-cooled type product becomes clogged with dust or debris, a decline in cooling performance can result. In order to avoid deforming or damaging the dustproof filter, clean it with a long-haired brush or air gun.

#### <Periodical inspection every three months> Inspect the circulating fluid.

- 1. When using tap water or deionized water
  - Replacement of circulating fluid
  - Failure to replace the circulating fluid can lead to the development of bacteria or algae. Replace it regularly depending on your usage conditions.
- Tank cleaning (same as the HRS series) Consider whether dirt, slime or foreign matter may be present in the circulating fluid inside the tank, and carry out regular cleanings of the tank.
- 2. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution Use a concentration meter to confirm that the concentration does not exceed 15%.Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.

Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.

#### <Periodical inspection during the winter season> 1. Make water-removal arrangements beforehand.

If there is a risk of the circulating fluid and facility water freezing when the product is stopped, release the circulating fluid and facility water in advance.

#### 2. Consult a professional.

This product has an "anti-freezing function" and "warming-up function." Read the operation manual carefully, and if any additional anti-freezing function (e.g. tape heater) is needed, ask for it from the vendor.



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Refrigerant with GWP reference				
	Global warming pote	ential (GWP)		
Refrigerant	Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 (Based on the IPCC AR4)	Revised Fluorocarbons Recovery and Destruction Law (Japanese law)		
R134a	1,430	1,430		
R404A	3,922	3,920		
R407C	1,774	1,770		
R410A	2,088	2,090		

\* This product is hermetically sealed and contains fluorinated greenhouse gases (HFC). When this product is sold on the market in the EU after January 1, 2017, it needs to be compliant with the quota system of the F-Gas Regulation in the EU.

\* See specification table for refrigerant used in the product.